Great Southern Bank AGM Minutes - 7 November 2024



MINUTES OF THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING OF GREAT SOUTHERN BANK HELD ON THURSDAY, 7 NOVEMBER 2024, AT 2:30 PM LEVEL 27, 300 GEORGE STREET, BRISBANE, QLD, 4000 AND BY VIRTUAL MEETING

PRESENT

Nigel Ampherlaw (Chairman)
Deborah O'Toole (Director)
Kyle Loades (Director)
Louise McCann (Director)
Wayne Stevenson (Director)
Mark Hand (Director)
Peeyush Gupta (Director)
Kim Anderson (Director)

Paul Lewis (Managing Director & Chief Executive Officer)

Alan Lee (Chief Financial Officer)

Steve Chugg (Group Executive – Business and Embedded Finance)

Megan Keleher (Chief Customer Officer)

Tracey Lake (Chief People Officer)

Carol-Ann Gough (Chief Information Officer)

Rolf Stromsoe (Chief Risk Officer)

Andrew McMaugh (General Counsel and Company Secretary)

Scott Guse (External Auditor, KPMG)

and

other registered members as outlined on the Members' Attendance Register1

ATTENDEES

Proxies and Guests as outlined in the Proxy and Guest Registers.

OPENING

The Chairman opened the meeting and acknowledged the traditional owners of the land being the Turrbal and Yugara people.

The Chairman then introduced Great Southern Bank Board members. He then introduced Paul Lewis as CEO and Managing Director, the Company Secretary and the External Auditor, Mr Scott Guse from KPMG.

The Chairman confirmed a quorum was present.

The Company Secretary explained the process for asking questions during the AGM.

AGENDA ITEM 1 - CHAIRMAN & CEO PRESENTATIONS

The Chairman spoke to his presentation, and highlighted the following items:

- How Great Southern Bank is:
 - o Creating a positive impact
 - Supporting and protecting customers and communities
 - o Creating positive community and sustainability impacts

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¹ There were 157 members present (in person and online) at the meeting for quorum purposes (including Directors, CEO, Executive team, and Company Secretary).

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Key financial highlights

The Chairman invited the CEO to make a presentation. The CEO introduced his Executive Team and then spoke to the following areas:

- How Great Southern Bank is helping home owners and savers
- 2024 independent awards received by Great Southern Bank
- Customer service
- Growth and future

Members were invited to ask questions regarding the Chairman and CEO presentations under Agenda item 2.

AGENDA ITEM 2 - FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND REPORTS

The Chairman formally tabled the Group Financial Report which included the Financial Statements, Directors' Report, Directors' Declaration and Auditors' Report for the year ended 30 June 2024.

Questions were invited from participants. The discussion included:

- 1. Plans for demutualision
- 2. Use of franking credits
- 3. Community partnerships
- 4. BCorp certification costs
- 5. Virtual AGM's in the future
- 6. Insurance for deposits held by the Bank
- 7. The Bank's current liquid assets to deposits ratio figure

A list of all questions and responses is attached as Appendix 1.

AGENDA ITEM 3 – CONSTITUTION AMENDMENTS

The Chairman formally tabled a copy of the proposed Constitution noting the amendments had been outlined in the explanatory memorandum included in the Notice of Meeting. The amendments relate to:

- BCorp Accreditation
- Redemption of Member Shares; and
- Virtual AGM's

Members were invited to ask questions on each resolution.

The Chairman encouraged members to support the amendments to the Constitution.

The Chairman advised members that details of the votes and proxies would show on members' screens and that results of the final poll would be disclosed on the Great Southern Bank website.

AGENDA ITEM 4 – APPOINTMENT OF DIRECTORS

The Chairman noted the three directors offering themselves for re-election to the Board being Kyle Loades, Peeyush Gupta and Kim Anderson. The Chairman confirmed that all directors had been assessed by the Board in accordance with Rule 10.7 of the Constitution,

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to be fit and proper and have appropriate skills, experience, and knowledge to act as Directors of Great Southern Bank.

GENERAL

The Chairman noted this was his last AGM with Great Southern Bank and acknowledged the significant efforts of Great Southern Bank employees during his time as Chair of the Board. The Chairman welcomed Deborah O'Toole as the incoming Chair.

There being no further business the Chairman thanked members for their attendance and declared the 2024 AGM of Great Southern Bank closed at 3.12pm.

I confirm these minutes as a true record of the Annual General Meeting of Great Southern Bank held on 7 November 2024.

Q-40 Poole 11/12/2024

24 Jan, 2025 1:17:15 PM GMT+10 **Deborah O'Toole**

Chairman Date:

Appendix 1: Member Questions and responses

2024 AGM Q&A

Question	Answer
We've had one question from a member	Firstly, there are no plans to demutualise
who has asked if we plan on demutualising in the future and if so, is there a timeframe	now or in the future and it is not on the agenda of any of our Board members. We
and when will members be notified? They	really value being customer owned. We
went on to ask that if now why the name	changed our name because rebranding
change – sorry, if not why the name	from CUA to Great Southern Bank helped us
change to Great Southern Bank.	reach out to more Australians. Our research
	shows that whilst everyone knew what a
	bank was, half of Australians didn't know what a credit union was, a figure rising to
	70% amongst millennials. It's important that
	we can appeal to these Australians. Many
	are the next generation of members,
	people who will carry on the fantastic
	tradition of customer owned banking.
I'm just wondering, with that in mind, with	Sorry, thank you. Very good question. We
the lack of progression of the	have about \$438 million [sic – see Annual
demutualisation, what's the Board got in mind for the just under half a billion worth of	Report 2024 page 89 \$448.7 million] in franking credits. By nature of our design in
franking credits that are sitting on the books	terms of our – as a mutual organisation,
at the moment, and how can we utilise or	we're not able to utilise those franking
capitalise on some of the tax advantages	credits. So at the moment, the short answer
there?	is there are actually no plans to utilise those
	because we can't.
If we raised a mutual capital instrument,	 We could, but to raise an MCI, which is a
could we utilise them then? Sorry, if we	capital instrument, becomes very, very
raised MCIs, could we utilise them then? I	costly, and so the opportunity to be able to
think we could.	utilities those MCIs is some way away. We're
	a very well capitalised organisation at the
	moment and so the need to raise an MCI is not anywhere in the horizon over the next
	certainly three years.
	So in the normal course of business, we
	can't use them, but if we do something that
	requires us to raise capital, then there's an opportunity. Any other franking ones? Yes?
I'm wondering if the Great Southern Bank	A couple of years ago when we did quite
isn't turning into a charity. You've got this	an in-depth survey of our members in terms
partnership with Mission Australia to help –	of what their expectations were of us as a
partnership with Mission Australia to help	bank and as owners of the bank, one of the
vulnerable Australians save hundreds of	highest rated issues they raised was wanting to see us doing more in the community with
dollars. Well, if you want to help vulnerable Australians, hand out \$100 notes here.	vulnerable people. So what we do in that
We're all vulnerable.	area, one is for social license, or what we
	feel we have a social obligation over, but
There's something about a partnership with	also what we believe a response to what a
Tasman Environmental Markets and one of	lot of our members have told us they want
the things is to help rural communities in	to see us doing. The India bit, who's best to
India. Going far away from - to help out people, go all the way to India.	answer that?
people, go all the way to thata.	

Question	Answer
	This is part of our ESG commitments, so we have a net zero target at 2040. One of the things we do is offset our carbon emissions and the way we do that is through partnership, and the two partnerships we have in terms of offset, one is traditional burning methods through First Nations communities, and the other one is through this partnership in India, and that helps us offset our emissions as we gradually bring down our own emissions towards zero. So that's part of that.
	The Chairman's right, as part of ESG, we do want to focus on the S. So we want to be at market on the E, but S is really our purpose and the majority of our customers want to hear about how from an S perspective or a societal perspective, how we're helping those that are vulnerable. We don't think, and it's to your comment, we're not becoming a charity, but we're working with those that are best placed to provide these services, and that's Mission Australia, so that we do these things through partnerships. Our core business is banking, their core business is in the community, and that's the partnership.
B certification, what does that cost?	B Corp certification? It doesn't cost a lot of money. It takes quite a bit of work from a small group of people. The reason why it's important to us, it's for a couple of reasons. It's rapidly become community expectations, that you are able to be certified as an ethical organisation. So that's the first one, so it's really important to a new generation of customers that you have those benchmark standards and B Corp is probably the best of those globally. It's a global benchmark.
	It also helps us for the small amount that we use in terms of wholesale funding, so we're about 75% of our funding is from deposits; 25% would come from larger banks and larger organisations. We call that wholesale funding. That is also starting to become really important to those funding partners that you have this type of accreditation. So it's really about meeting the market in terms of good, ethical business practices, but it doesn't cost us a lot.
This amendment about virtual AGMs, does that mean this is going to be the last physical one?	No. No. It won't be the last physical one. The reason we're doing this is if you remember during COVID, organisations like

Question	Answer
	ours had to receive special approval from ASIC to run a virtual AGM, so during the pandemic, we couldn't get together physically like this. Just in preparation for a time that there might be disruption, we want to have the option to run a virtual AGM without having to go to ASIC. Our intention is to run hybrid AGMs well into the future, and hybrid being in-person and also offer it online.
According to page 103 of the report, I'm happy to say that we got over \$13 billion in customer deposits of various types, so that's a great result, so the customers haven't run away from GSB yet. Then my question, I've got two questions. First question is how much is the insurance which the bank and the Group have currently to offset against the deposits in case there is an emergency, say like a bank run or some other emergency? Because there should be some insurance within the bank and the Group to secure our money, because we don't deposit expecting the government to bail out because they are not going to do that.	Okay, I might phone a friend too in terms of the specifics, but our deposits are insured up to a certain amount, but it is a large amount so a large proportion of our deposit base is insured. In addition, we have the very highest standards in terms of our risk management and – yeah, well, credential risk management, so we're very concerned and we stress test the bank very often, so we run stress tests scenarios like bank runs all the time and it would be very fair to say that in those stress tests environment, we perform very, very well. So Rolf, I might just get Rolf to add a little bit more just on the deposit insurance side.
They will ask you to bail in which means they will get our money to bail in the big guys so that's not going to help. In fact, I even mentioned a bit about that to our new Company Secretary, Andrew, before the meeting started. I had a chat with him. [Unclear] you can't trust the government, we have to look after ourselves because we are a customer owned bank, so we need insurance within the bank and the Group to secure our money. If not, we don't trust what the bank says. That is question one.	Well, first of all, let me just say it's nice to speak with somebody like-minded, so I live and breathe these things every day, Sonny, as the Chief Risk Officer for the bank, making sure that we have those risk management practices very well embedded in the organisation. A significant amount of effort goes into making sure that we protect our deposit base. As Paul says, there is government insurance over our deposits up to a certain point, but that's certainly not what we rely on. We've got quite a significant effort that goes into that.
what the bank says. That is question one. Thanks so much for that. I'm happy that we are like-minded. Now, question number two, I think Paul is quite [familiar with] this question, I asked you this question at the last year's AGM, so the question I asked was what is the [LADR] figure currently or as at the end of the last financial year? LADR is the liquid assets to deposits ratio which is a sort of an insurance against an emergency, like a bank run. So what is the current LADR figure? If you don't have the latest figure, you can give us the figure at the start of this financial year.	quite a significant effort that goes into that. Our MLH ratio is 13%, just above 13%, so we have excess – what we would call excess liquidity, so we're a bit higher. It's very similar to last year. Very similar. I think I said last year it was 13.5, was it? As of yesterday, Paul, it was 15.19. Well, actually, it's more than that. We've got too much. We don't want too much though because that becomes unprofitable
Also, before I hand over the mic, a special thanks to Nigel for all his service. Three long	

Question	Answer
years in the hotseat which is a great achievement. Also, it's too early to welcome the new Chair because I have to get used to referring to the Chairman as a piece of furniture in the future, that's okay.	
So we can feel safe. Safe with our money.	You can feel very confident. Very, very safe.